



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Pat nt and Trademark Offic

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	APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST	NAMED INVENTOR		ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
	09/134,771	08/12/9	3 SAH		p	860098.425
Γ	_		HM22/	0316		EXAMINER
	DAVID J MA	AVID J MAKT			KAUSHAL.S	
	SEED AND B				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	6300 COLUM 701 FIFTH (SEATTLE WA	AVENUE	, }		1633 DATE MAILED:	03/16/00

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks



Office Action Summary

Application No.

Applicant(s)

09/134,771

Examiner

SUMESH KAUSHAL

Group Art Unit 1633

SAH et al

F	esponsive to communication(s) filed on
	his action is FINAL.
□ S	nce this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is clos d accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle35 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.
long appl	ortened statutory period for response to this action is set to expire
•	osition of Claim
2	Claim(s) <u>1-15, 23, and 24</u> is/are pending in the applicat
	Of the above, claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.
2	Claim(s) <u>1-15, 23, and 24</u> is/are rejected.
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.
	Claims are subject to restriction or election requirement.
Prior	See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948. The drawing(s) filed on is/are objected to by the Examiner. The proposed drawing correction, filed on is approved
<u>X</u>	Notice of References Cited, PTO-892 Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper No(s)4 Interview Summary, PTO-413 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948 Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152
	SEE OFFICE ACTION ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES

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DETAILED ACTION

The instant application claims priority to its filing date 08/12/98. Applicant's election of Group-I, claims 1-15, 23-24 in Paper No. 6, 02/18/00 has been acknowledged. Claims 16-22 are withdrawn. Claims 1-15, 23-24 have been examined.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 1, 6-8 and 23, recites the limitation "conditionally-immortalized" cell in line 1. It is not clear what is "conditionally-immortalized" in this context.

The claim 1 is indefinite because it is not clear what are 'first growth medium and second growth medium'. The claim fails to identify what constitute first and second growth medium.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 1(3

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness

rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section

102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be vatented and the prior art are such that the

subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary

skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the

invention was made.

3. Claims 1-15 and 23-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the

combination of Hosimaru et al (PNAS. 93:1518-1523, 1996) and Prasad et al (In Vitro. Cell Dev.

30A:596-603, 1994) in view of Boss et al (US 5411883, 1995) and Gallyas et al (Neurochem. Res.

22(5):569-575, 1997).

Hosimaru et al teaches immortalized rat neuronal progenitor cells wherein the expression of

v-myc oncogene is driven by a tetracycline-controlled trnsactivator and a human cytomegalovirus

(CMV) promoter. The cited art teaches that the cells were first cultured in a serum supplemented

media follow by culturing in serum free media containing growth factors. Hosimaru et al teaches the

culturing and selection of the cells onto polyornithine/laminin-coated tissue culture plates. In

addition, Hosimaru et al further teaches that presence of severa cytokine, or forskolin or growth

factors on a specific substrate is required for the differentiation of immortalized neuronal precursor

cells (page 1518, abstract; page 1519, col. 1. para. 3; page 1522, col. 1, para. 2).

Prasad et teaches the isolation of an immortalized dopamine-producing nerve cell line derived

from fetal rat mesencephalic tissue transfected with an oncogene (see abstract).

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Hosimaru et al and Prasad et al do not teach the immortalization of a human neuronal precursor cell, wherein the cell is capable of differentiating into a dopaminergic and/or GABA-ergic neurons

Boss et al teaches the isolation and culture methods for the proliferation of human mesencephalon neuron progenitor cells, wherein the cultured neuronal cells differentiate to produce dopamine-producing cells (see abstract; col.6, line 33; col.9-10, table 1-3; col.20 line 60).

Gallyas et al teaches the characterization of mouse immortalized neuronal cell lines by measuring the concentration of various neurotransmitters, like GABAergic and dopamine (see abstract; page 570, col.2, para 3; page 571, table-I, fig-1; page 572, table-II).

It would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to substitute the immortalized rat neuronal progenitor cells as taught by Hosimaru et al and Prasad et al with human mesencephalon neuron progenitors cells as taught by Boss et al. It would have been further obvious to characterize immortalized human mesencephalon cells as taught by Gallyas et al because dopamine and GABA are neurotransmitter of interest. One would have been motivated to make immortalized human neuronal progenitor cells wherein the expression of v-myc oncogene is driven by tetracycline-controlled trnsactivator because the suppression of v-myc oncogene in an immortalized progenitor induces the differentiation of the neuronal progenitor cell. One would have been motivated make immortalized human neuronal progenitor cells because the human neuronal cells would have been useful in the study of neurotransmitters and neuron cell differentiation.

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Conclusion

No claims are allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sumesh Kaushal Ph.D. whose telephone number is (703) 305-6838. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8:00 AM to 4:30 PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor John L. LeGuyader can be reached on (703) 308-0447. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned as (703) 308-2035. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

S. Kaushal, AU 1633